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# USBtingo EB – USB to CAN-FD Interface

## Protocol description

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### 1. USB Communication

The application firmware enumerates as a USB vendor device.

idVendor: 1fc9  
idProduct: 8320  
Product: USBtingo  
Manufacturer: Fischl.de

The VID/PID pair is sublicensed from NXP to Fischl.de.

Interface 0 endpoint configuration:

EP0: Control/Setup - Command pipe

EP1 IN Interrupt – Status – 64 Byte

EP2 IN: Bulk 512 Bytes - Logic level bitstream

EP3 OUT: Bulk 512 Bytes - CAN messages from host

EP3 IN: Bulk 512 Bytes - CAN messages to host

The device accepts only High-Speed mode.

The CAN module is a Bosch M\_CAN. If you need a more detailed description of the registers or flags used in message transfers, you can find additional details in the M\_CAN User Manual:

[https://www.bosch-semiconductors.com/media/ip\\_modules/pdf\\_2/m\\_can/mcan\\_users\\_manual\\_v331.pdf](https://www.bosch-semiconductors.com/media/ip_modules/pdf_2/m_can/mcan_users_manual_v331.pdf)

## 2. Commands on EP0

Command	Off		wValue		wIndex		wLength		Data phase
	Index:	2	3	4	5	6	7		
0x01 CMD_ECHO		echoval	0	0	0	2	0	IN: echoval	
0x02 CMD_START_BOOTLOADER		0x37	0x52	0	0	0	0		
0x03 CMD_GET_DEVICEINFO		0	0	0	0	12	0	OUT: Device information	
0x04 CMD_SET_PROTOCOL	X	protocol	flags	0	0	0	0		
0x05 CMD_SET_BAUDRATE	X	nominal=0/data=1	0	0	0	4	0	OUT: Baudrate in Hz (uint32 = 4 bytes)	
0x06 CMD_SET_MODE		mode	0	0	0	0	0		
0x07 CMD_CLEAR_ERRORFLAGS		clearmask	0	0	0	0	0		
0x08 CMD_GET_STATUSREPORT		0	0	0	0	0	0	IN: 64 byte statusreport (see „Statusreports“)	
0x20 CMD_FILTER_DISABLE_ALL		0	0	0	0	0	0		
0x21 CMD_FILTER_SET_STD		filterid	0	0	0	12	0	OUT: enabled (uint32), filter (uint32), mask (uint32)	
0x22 CMD_FILTER_SET_EXT		filterid	0	0	0	12	0	OUT: enabled (uint32), filter (uint32), mask (uint32)	
0x30 CMD_MCAN_REG_READ		address		0	0	number of bytes to read		IN: values read starting at given MCAN offset	
0x31 CMD_MCAN_REG_WRITE		address		0	0	number of bytes to write		OUT: values to write to given MCAN offset	
0x40 CMD_LOGIC_SETCONFIG		transfermode=0	clockdivider	0	0	0	0		
0x41 CMD_LOGIC_GETTXERRORS		0	0	0	0	4	0	IN: number of TX errors (uint32 = 4 bytes)	

Off: allowed only in Off mode.

### Parameters:

#### protocol

- 0x00 Classic CAN 2.0
- 0x01 CAN FD ISO
- 0x02 CAN FD NON-ISO (Bosch CAN FD Specification V1.0)

#### flags

- Bit 0 BRSE Bit rate switching for transmissions if CAN Fd is activated
- Bit 1 TXP Transmit pause
- Bit 2 EFBI Edge filtering during bus integration
- Bit 3 PXHD Protocol exception handling disable. (0 = exception handling enabled, 1 = disabled)
- Bit 4 DAR Disable automatic retransmission. (0 = automatic retransmission enabled, 1 = disabled)

#### mode

- 0x00 Off
- 0x01 Active
- 0x02 Listen-only Bus monitoring mode (see ISO11898-1, 10.12 Bus monitoring).

**Example using Python and libusb1:**

```
# set baudrate:
usbhandle.controlWrite(usb1.TYPE_VENDOR, CMD_SET_BAUDRATE, 0, 0, struct.pack("<I", bitrate))
usbhandle.controlWrite(usb1.TYPE_VENDOR, CMD_SET_BAUDRATE, 1, 0, struct.pack("<I", data_bitrate))
```

**Device information:**

Byte	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
0	Application firmware version minor							
1	Application firmware version major							
2	Hardware model identifier							
3	Number of CAN channels = 1							
4...7	Device unique identifier (LSB first)							
8...11	CAN clock in Hz (LSB first)							

**Filters:**

There are two filter banks: 32 for standard and 32 for extended frames. After power up filterid 0 of each bank is enabled to accept all messages.

DisableAll: Disable all filters. With all filters disabled, no message is received! You have to set at least one filter.

Filterid      0..31 Filter identifier

Filter        Filter value

Mask         Filter mask. 0 = don't care, 1 = include in comparison

Example „Filter only ID 0x123“:

Filter = 0x123

Mask = 0x7ff

**3. Statusreports on EP1 IN**

Status reports are automatically sent to the host every second. Instead of using the interrupt transfer via EP1, the status report can also be retrieved as a control transfer using the „Get\_Statusreport“ command. Note that the statistical values are reset after each retrieval.

All values including overflow flags are cleared on change of operating mode (except change to OFF). The overflow flags (RXOVF and TXEOVF) can be cleared with command „Clear Overflow Errorflags“.

Byte	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
0	0x80							
1	Operation mode							
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	TXEOVF	RXOVF

3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	PROCTS<7:0>							
5	PROCTS<15:8>							
6	PROCTS<23:16>							
7	PROCTS<31:24>							
8	TEC<7:0>							
9	RP	REC<6:0>						
10	CEL<7:0>							
11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	BO	EW	EP	ACT<1:0>		LEC<2:0>		
13	-	-	-	-	-	DLEC<2:0>		
14	TDCV<6:0>							
15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16...19	Stats: number of standard frames (LSB first)							
20...23	Stats: number of extended frames (LSB first)							
24...27	Stats: number of data bytes without bitrate switching (LSB first)							
28...31	Stats: number of data bytes with bitrate switching (LSB first)							

Operation mode:	Current operation mode. See „Set mode“ command
PROCTS:	Processing timestamp
RXOVF:	Overflow while receiving CAN frames
TXEOVF:	Overflow while receiving TX events
TEC:	Transmit Error Counter
REC:	Receive Error Counter
RP:	Receive Error Passive. 1 = The Receive Error Counter has reached the error passive level of 128.
CEL:	CAN Error Logging
LEC:	Last Error Code
ACT:	Activity
EP:	Error Passive. 1 = The MCAN is in the Error_Passive state.
EW:	Warning Status. 1 = At least one of error counter has reached the Error_Warning limit of 96.
BO:	Bus_Off Status. 1 = The MCAN is in Bus_Off state.
DLEC:	Data Phase Last Error Code
TDCV:	Transmitter Delay Compensation Value

#### Statistics:

Number of frames and data bytes since the last transmission/request of status report. These values can be used to calculate the bus load:

Without bit stuffing:

$$\#bits = 47 * \#standard\_frames + 65 * \#extended\_frames + 8 * \#data\_bytes$$

$$\#bitsBRS = 8 * \#data\_bytesBRS$$

With estimated bit stuffing:

$$\#bits = 50 * \#standard\_frames + 70 * \#extended\_frames + 9 * \#data\_bytes$$

$$\#bitsBRS = 9 * \#data\_bytesBRS$$

Bus load:

bus load percentage =

$$(\#bits \text{ (per second)} / \text{bitrate} + \#bitsBRS \text{ (per second)} / \text{bitrateBRS}) * 100$$

#### 4. Logic level bitstream on EP2 IN:

If the logic recording function is activated (see command „LOGIC\_SETCONFIG“), USBtingo sends permanent logic levels via EP2. The packets always contain 512 bytes of bitstream. This bit stream is generated by sampling the CAN RX signal with the configured rate (up to 40Mps). Least significant bit first.

## 5. Messages on EP3 IN (CAN to host)

EP3 IN transfers CAN messages to host. There are two different message types. RX messages contain received CAN frames, TX event messages inform about sent CAN messages.

Each message is initiated by a header. A USB packet can contain several messages.

### 5.1. Header

Byte	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
0	MessageType							
1	MessageSize							
2	0							
3	0							

MessageType 0x80 Skip message  
 0x81 RX message  
 0x82 TX event message

MessageSize Size of message in words (32 bit). Counting starts at byte 4. E.g. RX Frame with DLC=8 has MessageSize=4, TX event message has MessageSize=3

### 5.2. Skip message (0x80)

Skip the next MessageSize words. This message is used to pad USB packages. This allows the data flow to be optimized.

### 5.3. RX message (0x81)

Byte	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
4	PROCTS<7:0>							
5	PROCTS<15:8>							
6	PROCTS<23:16>							
7	PROCTS<31:24>							
8	ID<7:0>							
9	ID<15:8>							
10	ID<23:16>							
11	ESI	XTD	RTR	ID<28:24>				
12	RXTS<7:0>							
13	RXTS<15:8>							
14	-	-	FDL	BRS	DLC<3:0>			
15	ANMF	FIDX<6:0>						

16 ... 84	Data byte 0..n
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PROCTS	Processing timestamp
ID	Standard or extended CAN identifier depending on bit XTD. A standard identifier is stored into ID[28:18].
RTR	1 = Remote transmission request bit, 0 = normal message
XTD	Extended Identifier. 0: 11-bit standard identifier, 1: 29-bit extended identifier.
ESI	Error State Indicator. 0: Transmitting node is error active, 1: Transmitting node is error passive.
RXTS	Rx Timestamp
DLC	Data length code
BRS	Bit Rate Switch
FDF	FD Format
ANMF	Accepted Non-matching Frame
FIDX	Filter Index
Data	Data bytes. Pad with zeros to be 32 Bit aligned!

**RX Timestamping:**

There are two different timestamps:

- RXTS – this is a 16bit counter stored by CAN module on SOF.
- PROCTS – this is a 32bit counter stored by firmware when processing a message (copy message from CAN fifo to internal fifo).

Both timestamps are derived from the same system clock. The RXTS is incremented with 100kHz, the PROCTS 100kHz/4096. Both timestamps are reset at command "SetMode".

Under the condition that the USB packets are taken from the host in time (processing is not delayed more than 650ms), both timestamps can be merged to a large 44bit value:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{diff} &= (\text{procts} \& 0xF) - (\text{rxts} \gg 12) \\ \text{if diff} < 0: \text{diff} &= \text{diff} + 0x10 \\ \text{ts} &= ((\text{procts} - \text{d}) \ll 12) | (\text{rxts} \& 0xfff) \end{aligned}$$

One timer step equals 10us. The 32bit and thus the generated 44bit timer overflows after approx. 5.5 years of continuous operation.

The accuracy depends on the system crystal (+/-10ppm).

**5.4. TX event message (0x82)**

Byte	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
4	PROCTS<7:0>							
5	PROCTS<15:8>							
6	PROCTS<23:16>							
7	PROCTS<31:24>							
8	ID<7:0>							
9	ID<15:8>							
10	ID<23:16>							
11	ESI	XTD	RTR	ID<28:24>				

12	TXTS<7:0>			
13	TXTS<15:8>			
14	ET	FDF	BRS	DLC<3:0>
15	TXMM<7:0>			

Most values correspond to those from the TX message - see Section 4 "TX messages". Additional:

PROCTS	Processing timestamp
TXTS	Tx Timestamp
ET	0x1 = Tx event, 0x2 = Transmission in spite of cancellation
TXMM	Message marker. Copied from TX message for identification.

## 6. Messages on EP3 OUT (Host to CAN)

Several TX messages can be contained in one USB packet.

### TX message

Byte	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
0	0x01 (MessageType = CAN_TX)							
1	MessageSize							
2	0							
3	0							
4	ID<7:0>							
5	ID<15:8>							
6	ID<23:16>							
7	ESI	XTD	RTR	ID<28:24>				
8	0							
9	0							
10	EFC	0	FDF	BRS	DLC<3:0>			
11	TXMM							
12 ... 76	Data byte 0..n							

MessageType 1 = TX via Fifo

MessageSize Size of message in words (32 bit). Counting starts at byte 4. E.g. Frame with DLC=0 has MessageSize=2.

ID Standard or extended CAN identifier depending on bit XTD. A standard identifier is stored into ID[28:18].

RTR 1 = Remote transmission request bit, 0 = normal message

XTD Extended Identifier. 0: 11-bit standard identifier, 1: 29-bit extended identifier.

ESI Error State Indicator. 0: Transmitting node is error active, 1: Transmitting node is



	error passive.
DLC	Data length code
BRS	Bit Rate Switch
FDF	FD Format
EFC	Event fifo control. Set 1 to get TX event message.
TXMM	Message marker. Copied to TX event message for identification.
Data	Data bytes. Pad with zeros to be 32 Bit aligned!